

COVID-19 Update

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Where is the Workplace?

Maging Remote Workers in Response to COVID-19



- If your business <u>can</u> sustain a large scale work from home arrangement for your employees, consider doing so.
 - Isolation can protect your employees from the harms inherent in person-to-person transmission, both in the workplace itself and during the commute to work.
 - Ensure technology can handle large scale remote work for extended periods.
- If you can't support a large scale work from home arrangement:
 - Consider encouraging employees to stagger their work schedules (e.g., some work only Monday through Wednesday and others Thursday and Friday)
 - Invest in deep cleaning services and encourage your employees to wipe down surfaces with bleach
 or alcohol based cleaners.
 - Consider asking some employees to work from other offices or company locations this way, not all
 employees will be impacted if a worker contracts COVID-19 and comes to work.

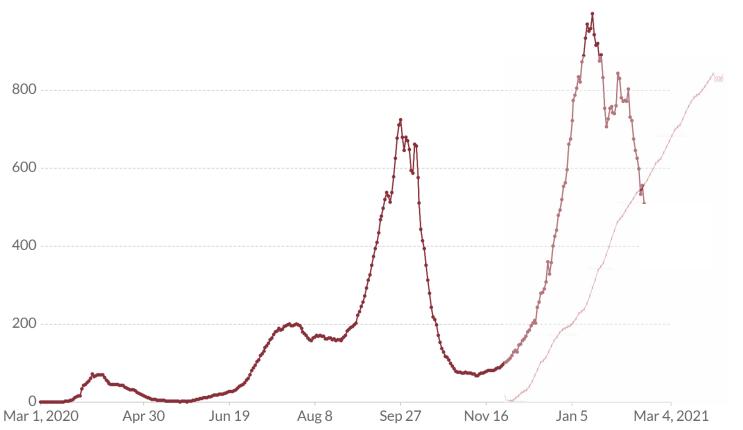




Daily new confirmed COVID-19 cases per million people



Shown is the rolling 7-day average. The number of confirmed cases is lower than the number of actual cases; the main reason for that is limited testing.





Source: Johns Hopkins University CSSE COVID-19 Data – Last updated 5 March, 09:03 (London time)

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What Might be happening in Israel

- Increasing number of cases relating to B.1.1.7
- Mass gatherings of the ultraorthodox Haredi – 11% of population but 40% of cases
- Younger unvaccinated are getting COVID
- Vaccine hesitancy





Israel bar offers free drinks with COVID-19 vaccine jabs



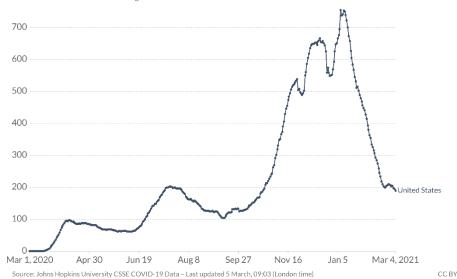


What's Happening in the USA

Our World in Data

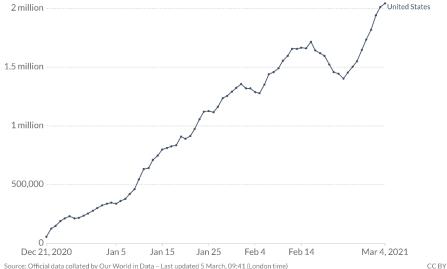
Daily new confirmed COVID-19 cases per million people

Shown is the rolling 7-day average. The number of confirmed cases is lower than the number of actual cases: the main reason for that is limited testing.



Daily new COVID-19 vaccination doses administered

Shown is the rolling 7-day average. This is counted as a single dose, and may not equal the total number of people vaccinated, depending on the specific dose regime (e.g. people receive multiple doses)



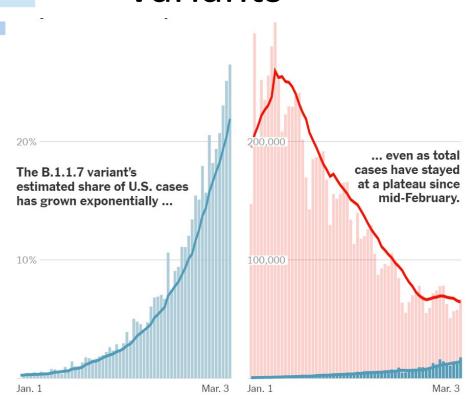
Source: Official data collated by Our World in Data - Last updated 5 March, 09:41 (London time)

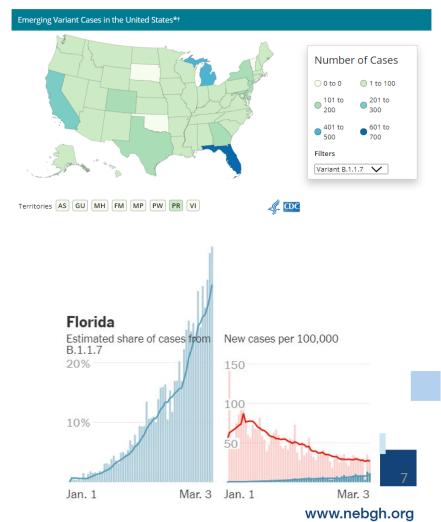


Our World in Data



Variants









Variant!

Good News

- Virus seasonality maybe playing a positive role
- Vaccine roll out increasing pace
- Social controls

Bad News

- Loosening restrictions
- Vaccine time to roll out & hesitancy
- Too early to tell Surge still coming?
- Other variants







Variants

- Imported variants
 - B.1.1.7, P.1, B.1.351
- US variants
 - 7 identified
 - B.1.526 NYC
 - B.1.427/B.1.429 CA
 - Oregon similar to B.1.1.7

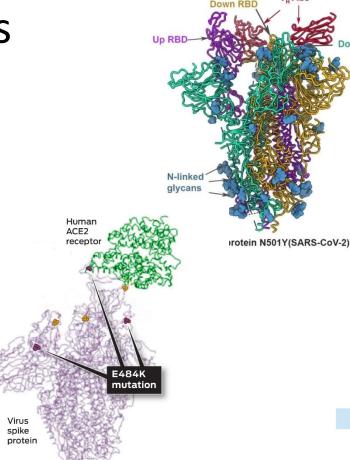








- While multiple variants there are some common mutations which seem to help the virus
 - N501Y
 - E484K
- It may be there are only so many options that work for the virus
- Over time mutations tend to make viruses less deadly e.g., OC43 a coronavirus that causes the common cold may have caused the 1889 Russian Flu which killed 1+M







- Vaccines are effective but:
 - Need to vaccinate all groups at a high percentage
 - Need to address vaccine hesitancy
- Until community levels very low need:
 - Masks, physical distancing
 - Social and travel restrictions
 - Compliance with the above























Vulnerable Communities

IN THE PAST WEEK

SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE PANDEMIC

People in vulnerable communities were:

People in vulnerable communities were:

more likely to have been diagnosed with COVID-19

131% more likely to have died from COVID-19

32% less likely to have been tested

9% more likely to be a hotspot

more likely to have been diagnosed with COVID-19

more likely to have died from COVID-19

20% less likely to have been tested

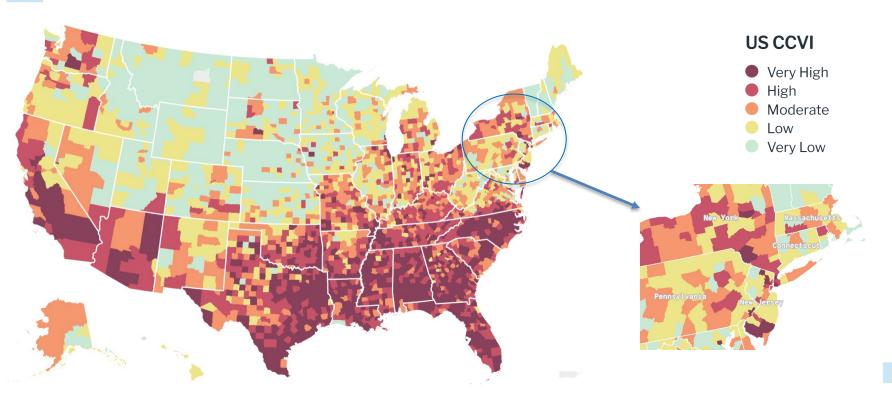
33% more likely to be a hotspot







COVID-19 COMMUNITY VULNERABILITY INDEX









Breaking News

- The new CDC guidance says fully vaccinated people can:
 - Visit other vaccinated people indoors without masks or physical distancing
 - Visit indoors with unvaccinated people from a single household without masks or physical distancing, if the unvaccinated people are at low risk for severe disease.
 - Skip quarantine and testing if exposed to someone who has Covid-19 but are asymptomatic, but should monitor for symptoms for 14 days
- However, people who are fully vaccinated still need to take precautions in many scenarios. The guidelines say fully vaccinated people must:
 - Wear a mask and keep good physical distance around the unvaccinated who are at increased risk for severe Covid-19, or if the unvaccinated person has a household member who is at higher risk
 - Wear masks and physically distance when visiting unvaccinated people who are from multiple households.
- In addition, fully vaccinated people should continue basic safety precautions, including:
 - Wearing a mask that fits well and keeping physical distance in public; avoiding medium- and large-sized crowds; avoiding poorly ventilated public spaces; washing hands frequently; and getting tested for Covid-19 if they feel sick.





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